CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

A lamp comprising:

an anode oriented substantially towards a cathode in an

s envelope;

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a baffle in the envelope located between the anode and the cathode, the baffle having an aperture; and

an electrical insulator having a first surface connected to a first surface of the baffle and a second surface of the electrical insulator connected to a first surface of the anode, the electrical insulator having a transverse cavity extending from a first through-hole in the first surface of the electrical insulator to a second through-hole in the second surface of the electrical insulator, the electrical insulator having a gap in the transverse cavity.

- The lamp as set forth in claim 1 wherein the gap is located adjacent the second through-hole in the electrical insulator.
 - The lamp as set forth in claim 1 wherein the gap is spaced in from the first and second through-holes in the electrical insulator.
 - The lamp as set forth in claim 1 wherein the gap extends substantially around the transverse eavity.
- 5. The lamp as set forth in claim 1 wherein the anode is connected to a radiator.
 - The lamp as set forth in claim 1 wherein the cathode is substantially coated with an electron emitting material.
 - The lamp as set forth in claim 1 wherein the electrical insulator comprises a ceramic material.

The lamp as set forth in claim 1 further comprising a cathode shield substantially covering the cathode, the cathode shield connected to a light emitting assembly at a window shield portion and made of a Nickel material.

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9. The lamp as set forth in claim 1 further comprising an anode shield substantially covering the anode, the anode shield connected to a light emitting assembly at a support bracket portion and made of a Nickel material.

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A lamp comprising:

an anode oriented substantially towards a cathode in an

envelope;

a baffle in the envelope located between the anode and the cathode, the baffle having an aperture;

a first electrical insulator having a first surface connected to a first surface of the baffle, the first electrical insulator having a first transverse cavity extending from a first through-hole in the first surface of the first electrical insulator to a second through-hole in a second surface of the first electrical insulator;

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a second electrical insulator having a first surface connected to the second surface of the first electrical insulator and a second surface of the second electrical insulator connected to a first surface of the anode, the second electrical insulator having a second transverse cavity extending from a third through-hole in the first surface of the second electrical insulator to a fourth through-hole in the second surface of the second electrical insulator; and

a gap formed in at least one of the first transverse cavity adjacent the second through-hole and the second transverse cavity adjacent the third through hole.

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11. The lamp as set forth in claim 10 wherein the gap is spaced in from the first and second through-holes in the first electrical insulator, or from the third and fourth through-holes in the second electrical insulator.

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- 12. The lamp as set forth in claim 10 wherein the gap extends substantially around the first transverse cavity or the second transverse cavity.
- 13. The lamp as set forth in claim 10 wherein a portion of the gap is in both the first and second transverse cavity.
 - The lamp as set forth in claim 10 wherein the anode is connected to a radiator.
 - 15. The lamp as set forth in claim 10 wherein the cathode is substantially coated with an electron emitting material.
- The lamp as set forth in claim 10 wherein the electricalinsulator comprises a ceramic material.
 - 17. The lamp as set forth in claim 10 further comprising a cathode shield substantially covering the cathode, the cathode shield connected to a light emitting assembly at a window shield portion and made of a Nickel material.
 - 18. The lamp as set forth in claim 10 further comprising an anode shield substantially covering the anode, the anode shield connected to a light emitting assembly at a support bracket portion and made of a Nickel material.
 - 19. The lamp as set forth in claim 10 further comprising a support member being interposed between the first electrical insulator and the second electrical insulator.

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20. The lamp as set forth in claim 10 further comprising at least one protrusion being interposed in the gap between the first electrical insulator and the second electrical insulator at a location having a low potential for

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accumulating conductive materials, the at least one protrusion connected to the first electrical insulator, the second electrical insulator or a support plate portion of a light emitting assembly.

21. A light emitting assembly comprising:

an electrical insulator;

a transverse cavity in the electrical insulator, the transverse cavity extending from a first through-hole in a first surface of the electrical insulator to a second through-hole in a second surface of the electrical insulator; and

a gap in the transverse cavity of the electrical insulator.

- 22. The assembly as set forth in claim 21 wherein the gap is located adjacent the second through-hole in the electrical insulator.
- 23. The assembly as set forth in claim 21 wherein the gap is spaced in from the first and second through-holes in the electrical insulator.
- The assembly as set forth in claim 21 wherein the gap
 extends substantially around the transverse cavity.
 - 25. The assembly as set forth in claim 21 wherein the electrical insulator comprises a ceramic material.
 - A light emitting assembly comprising:
 - a first electrical insulator;
 - a second electrical insulator;
 - a first transverse cavity in the first electrical insulator, the

first transverse cavity extending from a first through-hole in a first surface of the first electrical insulator to a second through-hole in a second surface of the first electrical insulator:

a second transverse cavity in the second electrical insulator, the second transverse cavity extending from a third through-hole in the first

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surface of the second electrical insulator to a fourth through-hole in a second surface of the second electrical insulator; and

- a gap formed in at least one of the first transverse cavity adjacent the second through-hole and the second transverse cavity adjacent the third through hole.
- 27. The assembly as set forth in claim 26 wherein the gap is spaced in from the first and second through-holes in the first electrical insulator, or from the third and fourth through-holes in the second electrical insulator.
- 28. The assembly as set forth in claim 26 wherein the gap extends substantially around the first transverse cavity or the second transverse cavity.
- 29. The assembly as set forth in claim 26 wherein a portion of the gap is in both the first and second transverse cavity.
- 30. The assembly as set forth in claim 26 wherein the electrical insulator comprises a ceramic material.
- The assembly as set forth in claim 26 further comprising a support member being interposed between the first electrical insulator and the second electrical insulator.
- 32. The assembly as set forth in claim 26 further comprising at least one protrusion being interposed in the gap between the first electrical insulator and the second electrical insulator at a location having a low potential for accumulating conductive materials, the at least one protrusion connected to the first electrical insulator, the second electrical insulator or a support plate portion.
 - $\label{eq:continuous} 33. \quad \ \, A \ method of manufacturing a light emitting assembly, the method comprising:$

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insulator.

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forming a transverse cavity in an electrical insulator from a first through-hole in a first surface of the electrical insulator to a second throughhole in a second surface of the electrical insulator; and

forming a gap in the transverse cavity of the electrical

34. The method as set forth in claim 33 wherein the forming a gap further comprises locating the gap adjacent the second through-hole in the electrical insulator.

35. The method as set forth in claim 33 wherein the forming a gap further comprises spacing the gap in from the first and second through-holes in the electrical insulator.

36. The method as set forth in claim 33 wherein the forming a gap further comprises extending the gap substantially around the transverse cavity.

- 37. The method as set forth in claim 33 further comprisingelectrically isolating an anode from a baffle using the electrical insulator.
 - 38. The method as set forth in claim 33 further comprising using a ceramic material to form the electrical insulator.
- 25 39. A method of manufacturing light emitting assembly, the method comprising:

forming a first transverse cavity from a first through-hole in a first surface of a first electrical insulator to a second through-hole in a second surface of the first electrical insulator:

forming a second transverse cavity from a third throughhole in the first surface of a second electrical insulator to a fourth through-hole in a second surface of the second electrical insulator; and

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forming a gap in at least one of the first transverse cavity adjacent the second through-hole and the second transverse cavity adjacent the third through hole.

- 5 40. The method as set forth in claim 39 wherein the forming a gap further comprises spacing the gap in from the first and second through-holes in the first electrical insulator, or from the third and fourth through-holes in the second electrical insulator.
 - 41. The method as set forth in claim 39 wherein the forming a gap further comprises extending the gap substantially around the first transverse cavity or the second transverse cavity.
- 42. The method as set forth in claim 39 further comprising interposing a support member between the first electrical insulator and the second electrical insulator.
 - 43. The method as set forth in claim 39 further comprising using a ceramic material to form the first electrical insulator and the second electrical insulator.